

**DATA REQUIREMENT SHEET: CZECH REPUBLIC**

	<b>Survey 1</b>	<b>Survey 2.</b>	<b>Survey 3.</b>
<b>Survey</b>	microcensus	Ten Years of Social Transformation in the Czech and Slovak Republic - Czech Republic Data, full version	
<b>Reference year</b>	1996	1999, September to November	
<b>Availability</b>	yes	yes	
<b>Language</b>	English	Czech	
<b>Contact</b>	CSO	Institute of Sociology, Prague	
<b>Basic sample description:</b> probability sample (yes/no) achieved sample size (apprx.) availability of weights	28148 yes	Three-step random sampling 8000 (resp. rate 65.3%) yes	
<b>Does the survey contain the following information?</b>			
<b><i>I. Demography</i></b>			
<i>household composition</i> <i>gender</i> <i>age</i> <i>labour market status, education etc</i>	no. children and adults; marital status of head sex of head age head; spouse; children LF status head, spouse; education head; spouse	no. children and adults; marital status of head sex of persons in household age of persons in household LF and education status of adults in household	
<b><i>II. Monetary variables</i></b>			
<i>DPI (disposable income)</i> <i>others</i>	household DPI ca. 20 detailed income components	household DPI income from work; transfer income; other income	
<b><i>III. Basic deprivation variables</i></b>			
<i>Food</i> <i>Clothing</i> <i>others</i>	no no no	yes yes yes	
<b><i>IV. Secondary deprivation</i></b>			
<i>Durables</i>	no	yes	
<b><i>V. Housing</i></b>			
<i>Housing situation</i> <i>Housing deterioration</i>	no no	yes no	
<b><i>VI. Other non-monetary deprivation variables</i></b>			
<i>Health</i> <i>Environment</i> <i>Social contacts</i> <i>Subjective well-being</i> <i>Assets/wealth</i> <i>Others</i>	no no no no no no	no no yes yes no no	

**DATA REQUIREMENT SHEET: HUNGARY**

	<b>Survey 1</b>	<b>Survey 2.</b>	<b>Survey 3.</b>
<b>Survey</b>	Hungarian Household Panel	Household Monitor	Household Budget Survey
<b>Reference year</b>	1995-1997	1998-2001	1995-2000
<b>Availability</b>	Tarki Database	Tarki Database	ad hoc
<b>Language</b>	English	Hungarian	Hungarian
<b>Contact</b>	TARKI	TARKI	HCSO
<b>Basic sample description:</b>			
probability sample (yes/no)	yes	yes	yes
achieved sample size (apprx.)	2000 households	2000 households	7500-10000 households
availability of weights	yes	yes	yes
<b>Does the survey contain the following information?</b>			
<b>I. Demography</b>			
household composition	yes	yes	yes
gender	yes	yes	yes
age	yes	yes	yes
labour market status, education etc	yes	yes	yes
<b>II. Monetary variables</b>			
DPI (disposable income)	yes	yes	yes
others	yes (no tax data)	yes (no tax data)	yes
<b>III. Basic deprivation variables</b>			
Food	no	yes (question varies between waves)	no
Clothing	no	yes (question varies between waves)	no
others	no	yes (question varies between waves)	no
<b>IV. Secondary deprivation</b>			
Durables	yes	yes	yes
<b>V. Housing</b>			
Housing situation	yes	yes	yes
Housing deterioration			no
<b>VI. Other non-monetary deprivation variables</b>			
Health	yes	no	no
Environment	yes	yes	no
Social contacts	yes	no	no
Subjective well-being	yes	yes	yes
Assets/wealth	yes	yes	yes
Others	no	no	no

## DATA REQUIREMENT SHEET: SLOVENIA

	Survey 1	Survey 2.	Survey 3.
<b>Survey</b> <b>Reference year</b> <b>Availability</b> <b>Language</b> <b>Contact</b> <b>Basic sample description:</b> probability sample (yes/no) achieved sample size (apprx.) availability of weights  <b>Does the survey contain the following information?</b>  <b>I. Demography</b>	Household Budget Survey 1998 (Source: HBS 1997-1999) 1997, 1998, 1999 English, Slovene CSO Slovenia  yes 3867 households (reference year 1998, source: HBS 1997-99) household weight		
household composition gender age labour market status, education etc  <b>II. Monetary variables</b>	household type, number of members of a certain type (children, adults) for reference person, members for reference person, members  variables for the reference person and members: formal status, activity status, occupation, sector of activity, status in employment, level of education completed		
DPI (disposable income) others  <b>III. Basic deprivation variables</b>	net household income by components (including benefits in kind and the value of own production, no imputed rent) and other receipts		
Food Clothing others	households' expenditure on food households' expenditure on clothes no direct questions on what households can afford		
<b>IV. Secondary deprivation</b>			
Durables  <b>V. Housing</b>	possession of holiday house, second dwelling, colour TV, computer, washing machine, tumble drier, refrigerator, freezer, dishwasher, microwave, car, ...		
Housing situation Housing deterioration  <b>VI. Other non-monetary deprivation variables</b>	kitchen, bathroom, flushing toilet in the bathroom, separate indoor flushing toilet, terrace, ... (yes/no questions)		
Health Environment Social contacts Subjective well-being Assets/wealth Others	no no no lowest monthly income to make ends meet, households' opinion about their income income, housing situation (dwelling, second dwelling, holiday house), possession of durables (boats, number of cars,...)		

**DATA REQUIREMENT SHEET: LITHUANIA**

	Survey 1	Survey 2.	Survey 3.
<b>Survey</b>	HBS	HBS+Living conditions	Living Conditions Survey
<b>Reference year</b>	1996-2001 yearly	1997 III Q	1999
<b>Availability</b>			
<b>Language</b>	Lithuanian	Lithuanian	English ?
<b>Contact</b>	Statistics Lithuania	Statistics Lithuania	Ministry of Social Security and Labour
<b>Basic sample description:</b> probability sample (yes/no)	yes	yes	yes
achieved sample size (apprx.)	8000 households	2000 households, 4000 individuals	2800 households
availability of weights	yes	yes	yes
<b>Does the survey contain the following information?</b>			
<b>I. Demography</b>			
household composition	yes	yes	yes
gender	yes	yes	yes
age	yes	yes	yes
labour market status, education etc	yes	yes	yes
<b>II. Monetary variables</b>			
DPI (disposable income)	total and detailed disposable income, month of the survey	total and detailed disposable income, month of the survey	monetary income for the month before survey: household, reference person
others	consumption expenditure, taxes	consumption expenditure, taxes	
<b>III. Basic deprivation variables</b>			
Food	yes since 2000	yes	Can the household afford eating meat, chicken or fish 3 times per week, if wanted?
Clothing	yes since 2000	yes	Can the household afford buying new clothes?
others	no	yes	vacation abroad, new furnishings, health care etc.
<b>IV. Secondary deprivation</b>			
Durables	possession of durables	possession of durables, the reason of lacking not possessed durables	possession of durables
<b>V. Housing</b>			
Housing situation	ownership of dwelling, floor-space, number of rooms, amenities	ownership of dwelling, floor-space, number of rooms, amenities	ownership of dwelling, floor-space, number of rooms, amenities
Housing deterioration	no		damp walls, insufficient heating, noise, etc.
<b>VI. Other non-monetary deprivation variables</b>			
Health	no	Have the household enough money to pay for medicine, dentists?	Have the household enough money to pay for medicine, dentists? Visits to medics, etc.
Environment	no	no	yes
Social contacts	no	no	yes
		income to make ends meet, self-evaluation of financial situation, opinion about the change of financial situation, reasons of worsening the financial situation, satisfaction with main activity, financial situation, leisure time.	income to make ends meet, self-evaluation of financial situation, opinion about the change of financial situation, reasons of worsening the financial situation, satisfaction with main activity, financial situation, leisure time.
Subjective well-being	income to make ends meet, self-evaluation of financial situation, opinion about the change of financial situation, reasons of worsening the financial situation	income to make ends meet, self-evaluation of financial situation, opinion about the change of financial situation, reasons of worsening the financial situation, satisfaction with main activity, financial situation, leisure time.	
Assets/wealth	no	no	
Others		need of financial support, forms of received support,	

## DATA REQUIREMENT SHEET: LATVIA

	Survey 1	Survey 2.	Survey 3.
<b>Survey</b>	<b>HOUSEHOLD BUDGET SURVEY</b>	<b>LIVING CONDITIONS SURVEY</b>	
<b>Reference year</b>	1996 -2000, annual	1994, 1999	
<b>Availability</b>	yes	yes	
<b>Language</b>	Latvian and English	Latvian and English	
<b>Contact</b>	face-to-face interview	face-to-face interview	
<b>Basic sample description:</b> probability sample (yes/no)	yes	yes	
achieved sample size (apprx.)	gross sample size: in 1996-1998 - 8000 households, in 1999-2000 -4000 households	gross sample size- 3500 households	
availability of weights	yes+B2	yes	
<b>Does the survey contain the following information?</b>			
<b>I. Demography</b>			
household composition	yes	yes	
gender	yes	yes	
age	yes	yes	
labour market status, education etc	yes	yes	
<b>II. Monetary variables</b>			
DPI (disposable income)	Net disposable income (in cash and in kind)	Monthly cash income of household and randomly selected individual	
others	Consumption expenditures	Some information about availability of income sources in kind	
<b>III. Basic deprivation variables</b>			
Food	no	yes	
Clothing	no	yes	
others	no	yes	
<b>IV. Secondary deprivation</b>			
Durables	yes, excluding possession of second home	yes	
<b>V. Housing</b>			
Housing situation	partially	yes	
Housing deterioration	no	yes	
<b>VI. Other non-monetary deprivation variables</b>			
Health	No	yes	
Environment	No	yes	
Social contacts	No	yes	
Subjective well-being	partially	yes	
Assets/wealth	No	no	
Others	No	yes	

**DATA REQUIREMENT SHEET: SLOVAK REPUBLIC**

	<b>Survey 1</b>	<b>Survey 2.</b>	<b>Survey 3.</b>
<b>Survey</b>	survey of households attitudes		
<b>Reference year</b>	1996		
<b>Availability</b>	yes		
<b>Language</b>	Slovak (translation available)		
<b>Contact</b>	Research Institute of Labour, Social Affairs and Family		
<b>Basic sample description:</b> probability sample (yes/no) achieved sample size (apprx.) availability of weights	1573 no		
<b>Does the survey contain the following information?</b>			
<b><i>I. Demography</i></b>			
household composition	yes		
gender	yes		
age	yes		
labour market status, education etc	yes		
<b><i>II. Monetary variables</i></b>			
DPI (disposable income)	net household income		
others	transfer components		
<b><i>III. Basic deprivation variables</i></b>			
Food	expenditure on meals and "other basic needs"		
Clothing	no		
others	no		
<b><i>IV. Secondary deprivation</i></b>			
Durables	no		
<b><i>V. Housing</i></b>			
Housing situation	no		
Housing deterioration	no		
<b><i>VI. Other non-monetary deprivation variables</i></b>			
Health	no		
Environment	no		
Social contacts	yes		
Subjective well-being	yes		
Assets/wealth	no		
Others	coping strategies; MIQ		

## **Examples from ECHP:**

### **I. DEMOGRAPHY**

Number of children and adults in the household  
educational attainment of all household members (or head of household)  
main activity of all household members (or head of household)  
age and sex of all household members (or head of household)

### **II. DPI**

Total net household income (detailed, NC, total , year prior to the survey)  
Current total monthly net household income (summary question, NC, year of the survey)  
Detailed income components: individual gross earnings, capital income, transfers, taxes, contributions

### **III. BASIC DEPRIVATION**

Can the household afford keeping its home adequately warm?  
Can the household afford paying for a week's annual holiday away from home?  
Can the household afford replacing any worn-out furniture?  
Can the household afford buying new, rather than second-hand, clothes ?  
Can the household afford eating meat, chicken or fish every second day, if wanted?  
Can the household afford having friends or family for drink or meal at least once a month?  
Has the household been unable to pay scheduled rent for the accommodation during the past 12 months?

### **IV. SECONDARY DEPRIVATION**

Possession of a car or van (for private use)  
Possession of colour TV  
Possession of a video recorder  
Possession of a micro wave  
Possession of a dishwasher  
Possession of a telephone  
Possession of a second home (e.g. for vacation)  
Possession of a home computer

### **V. HOUSING AMENITIES AND DETERIORATION**

Does the dwelling have separate kitchen ?  
Does the dwelling have bath or shower ?  
Does the dwelling have indoor flushing toilet ?  
Does the dwelling have hot running water ?  
Does the dwelling have heating or electric storage heaters ?  
Does the dwelling have a place to sit outside, e.g. terrace or garden ?  
Does the accommodation have lack of adequate heating facilities ?  
Does the accommodation have leaky roof ?  
Does the accommodation have damp walls, floors, foundations etc. ?  
Does the accommodation have rot in window frames or floors ?  
Does the accommodation have shortage of space?  
Number of rooms (without kitchen)  
Do you own your dwelling or rent it? (if owned, is there a mortgage repayment?)

### **VI. OTHER NON-MONETARY DEPRIVATION**

#### **HEALTH**

How is your health in general ?  
Do you have any chronic physical or mental health problem, illness or disability ?  
Are you hampered in your daily activities by any physical or mental health problem, illness or disability ? (all persons)  
During past two weeks, have you had to cut down things you usually do about the house, at work or in free time because of illness or injury  
During past two weeks, have you had to cut down things you usually do because of an emotional or mental health problem ?

#### **ENVIRONMENT**

Does the accommodation have noise from neighbours or outside (traffic, businesses, factories, etc.) ?  
Is the accommodation too dark / not enough light ?  
Is there any pollution, grime or other environmental problem caused by traffic or industry ?  
Is there crime or vandalism in the area ?

#### **SOCIAL CONTACTS**

Are you a member of any club, such as a sport or entertainment club, a local or neighbourhood group, a party etc.  
How often do you talk to any of your neighbours ?  
How often do you meet friends or relatives not living with you, whether here at home or elsewhere ?  
During the last week, have you spoken, even if only on the telephone, to anyone outside your household ?

#### **SUBJECTIVE SITUATION, SATISFACTION**

Satisfaction with work or main activity  
Satisfaction with financial situation  
Satisfaction with housing situation  
Satisfaction with amount of leisure time  
Lowest monthly income to make ends meet (in NC)  
Is there normally some money left to save (considering household's income and expenses)

**Annex 2: Consolidated ECV data base, variables**

<b>ECV DB variable</b>	<b>Explanation</b>	<b>ECHP</b>	<b>CZ</b>	<b>HUN</b>	<b>SLO</b>
<i>Hid</i>	Hhd id	Ok	Ok	Ok	Ok
<i>Weight</i>	Hhd weight	Ok	Ok	Ok	Ok
<i>Dpi</i>	Dpi in national currency, 1999 value	Hi100 Available for each year 1994-1998	Monthly income, 1999 Sept-Nov.	1998 April – 1999 March	Annual, 1998
<i>Transfer</i>	Income from social transfers in national currency, 1999 value	Ok	Ok	Ok	Ok
<i>Egoecd</i>	Old OECD eq-scale	Ok	Ok	Ok	Ok
<i>Egoecdm</i>	Modified OECD eq-scale	Ok	Ok	Ok	Ok
<i>Hhsize</i>	Hhd size	Ok	Ok	Ok	Ok
<i>Nchoecd</i>	Number of children below 14	Ok	Ok	Ok	Ok
<i>Agehead</i>	Age of head of hhd	Ok	Ok	Ok	Ok
<i>Sexhead</i>	Gender of head of hhd	Ok	Ok	Ok	Ok



<b>IARIW variable</b>	<b>Explanation</b>	<b>ECHP</b>	<b>CZ</b>	<b>HUN</b>	<b>SLO</b>
<i>Eduhaed</i>	Highest educational level of head of hhd	Ok	Ok	Ok	Ok
<i>Lmhead</i>	Labour-market status of head of hhd	Ok	Ok	Ok	Ok
<b><i>Basic lifestyle deprivation</i></b>					
<i>Dpfood</i>	Basic deprivation – food	Can the household afford eating meat, chicken or fish every second day, if wanted?	Level of satisfaction with the necessities in the hhd - food. 1-5 scale.	In these last 12 months has your household happened to be in a situation when you did not have enough money for food?	Food expenditure.
<i>Dpclth</i>	Basic deprivation - clothes	Can the household afford buying new, rather than second-hand, clothes?	Level of satisfaction with the necessities in the hhd – clothes and footwear. 1-5 scale. Indicates whether the respondent considers that there is a sufficient/insufficient amount of finance available from the household/family budget.	... for clothes?	Clothes and footwear expenditure (can be separated)

<b>IARIW variable</b>	<b>Explanation</b>	<b>ECHP</b>	<b>CZ</b>	<b>HUN</b>	<b>SLO</b>
<i>Dpheat</i>	Basic deprivation - heating	Can the household afford keeping its home adequately warm?	-	... in lack of money you heated less often or heated only part of your flat?	-
<i>Dphcost</i>	Basic deprivation – housing costs	Has the household been unable to pay scheduled rent or utility bills for the accommodation during the past 12 months?	Level of satisfaction - Rent, etc. (take into consideration both rent and heating, water, gas, electricity, etc.)	... you did not have enough money to pay rent, heating, electricity or gas bills?	Expenditure on dwelling, electricity, water, gas and other fuel.
<i>Dpholid</i>	Basic deprivation – holiday	Can the household afford paying for a week's annual holiday away from home?	How did you spend your summer holiday last year?	In the last 5 years have you spent at least one week away on holiday or vacation?	Deprived if expenditure on accommodation services or package holidays=0.
<i>Dpinvit</i>	Basic deprivation – inviting friends	Having friends or family for a drink or meal at least once a month?	-	How often you give parties for friends or relatives?	-
<b>Secondary lifestyle depr.</b>					
<i>Htv</i>	Has colour tv	Ok	Ok	Ok	Ok
<i>Hfreez</i>	Has freezer	-	Ok	Ok	Ok
<i>Hmicro</i>	Has micro	Ok	Ok	Ok	Ok
<i>Hhifi</i>	Has HI-FI	-	Ok	Ok	Ok
<i>Hpc</i>	Has pc	Ok	Ok	Ok	Ok
<i>Hvid</i>	Has video	Ok	Ok	Ok	Ok

<b>IARIW variable</b>	<b>Explanation</b>	<b>ECHP</b>	<b>CZ</b>	<b>HUN</b>	<b>SLO</b>
<i>Hphone</i>	Has phone	Ok	-	Ok	Ok
<i>Hcar</i>	Has car	Ok	Ok	Ok	Ok
<i>Hdwash</i>	Has dishwasher	Ok	Ok	Ok	Ok
<b><i>Housing facilities</i></b>					
<i>Dwarea</i>	Dwelling area	-	Ok	Ok	Ok
<i>Nroom</i>	No of rooms	Ok	Ok	Ok	Ok
<i>Tapw</i>	Hot running water in house	Ok	-	Ok	Ok
<i>Indwc</i>	Indoor WC	Ok	-	Ok	Ok
<i>Bath</i>	Bath or shower	Ok	-	Ok	
<b><i>Problems with accommodation and envioronment</i></b>					
	Shortage of space	Ok	-	-	-
	Noise from neighbours or outside	Ok	-	Ok	-
	Too dark/not enough light	Ok	-	Ok	-
	Leaky roof	Ok	-	Ok	-
	Damp walls, floors, foundation etc	Ok	-	Ok	-

<b>IARIW variable</b>	<b>Explanation</b>	<b>ECHP</b>	<b>CZ</b>	<b>HUN</b>	<b>SLO</b>
	Rot in window frames or floors	Ok	-	Ok	-
	Pollution, grime or other environmental problems	Ok	-	Ok	-
	Vandalism or crime in the area	Ok	-	-	-
<b><i>Subjective deprivation</i></b>					
<i>Subwork</i>	Satisfaction with career, work	P043960 6 scale	-	-	-
<i>Subinc</i>	Satisfaction with financial situation	P043970 6 scale	Do you consider your family (household) to be rich or poor?  5 scale	Assessment of income situation compared to others. 5 scale	households' opinion about their income  6 scale
<i>Country</i>	Country code				

Notes: "ok" means that standardised information (same content as well as variable description) is available throughout. If the description is different to ECHP but the variable available, the standardisation treatment is described above. "-" means that a variable is not available in the survey.

Table A.1 At-risk-of-poverty rates by characteristics of head of household: national and EU-18 wide poverty threshold, OECD modified equivalence scale, 1999

	B	DK	D	EL	E	F	IRL	I	L	NL	A	P	FIN	S	UK	CZ	H	SI	EU15	EU18
<b>National poverty line</b>																				
<b>overall poverty rate</b>	13	11	11	21	19	15	18	18	13	11	12	21	11	9	19	14	13	14	16	15
26	23	39	28	31	22	43	20	28	36	41	14	25	45	37	41	18	15	13	33	32
26-35	9	6	10	15	17	14	15	16	14	12	11	13	6	11	26	16	18	14	15	15
36-45	10	3	10	15	19	12	17	18	15	10	9	18	9	8	17	15	15	13	14	14
46-55	11	7	9	16	16	12	15	17	11	7	7	13	6	6	10	12	13	10	12	12
56-65	15	9	12	23	18	19	16	19	8	9	9	21	7	5	12	11	10	14	15	15
66-75	21	23	12	35	23	16	32	20	4	7	25	36	18	6	17	20	6	26	18	18
76+	27	44	13	43	27	24	48	19	18	9	35	58	22	12	28	11	12	23	23	23
Male	11	7	8	19	18	14	15	17	11	7	8	18	7	7	13	13	12	13	13	13
Female	17	17	19	27	24	19	28	22	18	21	24	28	17	14	29	18	19	16	22	22
Third level education <ISCED 5-7>	4	3	5	2	4	5	3	6	3	4	7	1	6	8	14	8	2	2	8	8
Secondary level education <ISCED 3>	12	10	10	11	10	9	9	9	10	15	9	10	11	9	18	11	10	10	10	10
Less than secondary education <ISCED 0-2>	24	24	24	32	27	19	30	26	21	11	24	25	16	12	29	20	24	30	23	23
in work	6	5	6	16	13	10	8	15	12	8	8	16	5	6	13	11	6	10	11	11
unemployed	55	17	47	44	51	47	66	60	52	32	21	32	35	30	52	54	47	48	47	48
retired	20	29	13	32	24	19	32	17	12	3	19	36	16	8	23	20	13	18	19	18
other inactive	42	39	41	36	35	56	61	50	54	19	49	46	49	41	50	27	48	47	42	42
<b>EU18 poverty line</b>																				
<b>overall poverty rate</b>	8	3	7	39	33	11	21	24	2	7	7	45	12	11	14	49	78	26	16	19
26	18	24	24	56	39	39	24	34	5	34	12	59	50	39	34	55	83	25	34	37
26-35	7	2	6	33	27	9	17	22	2	8	7	36	8	13	21	56	77	22	15	18
36-45	6	2	6	35	35	8	19	22	2	6	5	43	10	10	12	49	80	27	15	17
46-55	7	0	5	30	27	9	17	23	3	4	5	40	6	7	8	39	73	19	13	16
56-65	10	2	9	40	31	14	18	25	1	5	4	38	9	5	9	52	76	26	16	19
66-75	15	4	8	56	45	10	37	28	0	5	11	64	20	9	12	72	87	39	20	22
76+	18	9	7	65	52	18	61	30		5	16	82	26	17	19	69	86	44	23	24
Male	7	2	5	38	32	10	17	23	1	5	5	44	8	8	8	46	77	24	15	17
Female	12	5	13	42	39	15	34	28	3	14	13	50	20	17	24	57	86	29	21	23
Third level education <ISCED 5-7>	4	2	3	6	9	4	4	7	0	3	6	6	6	10	10	28	40	3	7	7
Secondary level education <ISCED 3>	6	3	7	26	20	5	10	12	2	8	5	21	13	11	14	45	79	20	10	14
Less than secondary education <ISCED 0-2>	17	5	15	56	46	14	35	34	2	7	13	54	18	16	21	62	93	48	26	29
in work	4	1	3	33	26	7	9	21	2	5	5	41	6	7	8	43	69	20	12	14
unemployed	40	7	35	59	65	43	69	62	4	22	15	62	38	35	46	92	93	62	45	49
retired	14	6	9	51	42	13	37	25	1	2	9	60	19	11	16	72	88	32	19	23
other inactive	26	21	32	59	58	50	68	55	34	13	28	74	54	47	43	70	95	59	42	44

Source: own calculations from ECHP and ECV consolidated data base

Notes: National relative income poverty rate is the number of persons below 60% of the national adjusted median income, in percent of the total population. : EU18 income poverty rate is the number of persons below 60% of the European-wide median income, in percent of the total population. OECD-modified equivalence scale: 1 - 0.5 - 0.3; old equivalence scale: 1 - 0.7 - 0.5. EU15 and EU18 averages are population weighted

Table A.2 Income poverty rates by characteristics of head of household: national and EU-18 wide poverty threshold, old equivalence scale, 1999

	B	DK	D	EL	E	F	IRL	I	L	NL	A	P	FIN	S	UK	CZ	H	SI	EU15	EU18
<b>National poverty line</b>																				
<b>overall poverty rate</b>	13	9	11	21	19	15	16	19	14	11	12	21	9	10	19	16	14	13	16	16
26	22	33	25	31	26	38	22	29	30	37	15	27	38	34	41	18	15	12	32	31
26-35	12	5	11	18	18	17	16	18	18	13	13	18	8	13	29	19	21	14	17	17
36-45	11	4	13	17	20	15	18	19	19	13	13	19	11	10	19	19	18	14	16	16
46-55	12	7	10	17	17	13	15	19	12	8	7	14	5	6	10	13	12	10	13	13
56-65	15	6	11	22	17	16	14	19	7	9	8	20	4	5	10	10	8	12	14	14
66-75	18	10	8	31	20	12	14	16	3	5	15	29	6	2	12	16	3	17	13	13
76+	17	28	9	38	23	17	14	15	12	7	17	49	10	4	17	6	5	20	16	16
Male	12	6	9	20	18	15	14	18	14	8	9	19	6	7	13	15	14	12	14	14
Female	16	14	18	25	23	17	23	20	16	21	19	27	14	14	28	18	13	15	21	21
Third level education <ISCED 5-7>	5	3	6	2	4	5	2	6	4	5	8	1	6	9	14	7	2	1	8	8
Secondary level education <ISCED 3>	13	9	11	12	11	8	9	9	11	15	10	9	11	9	17	14	12	10	11	11
Less than secondary education <ISCED 0-2>	23	16	23	32	27	20	27	26	23	12	19	25	10	12	26	21	24	27	23	23
in work	8	5	8	17	14	12	8	17	15	9	10	17	6	7	14	13	7	10	12	12
unemployed	52	15	45	41	52	52	66	60	53	35	20	47	26	33	50	57	48	47	48	48
retired	17	17	9	28	22	14	16	15	9	2	13	29	8	3	15	18	11	14	14	14
other inactive	45	34	42	32	34	52	48	44	71	18	31	43	51	49	53	31	55	43	41	42
<b>EU18 poverty line</b>																				
<b>overall poverty rate</b>	8	3	7	40	35	11	23	25	2	7	7	48	10	11	14	49	77	27	17	19
26	16	19	22	58	40	36	29	35	4	26	10	61	43	36	32	51	84	26	33	35
26-35	7	2	7	37	30	11	19	23	2	9	8	43	9	15	23	58	77	25	17	20
36-45	7	2	7	38	38	11	26	27	2	8	6	46	12	12	15	51	81	31	17	20
46-55	7	0	6	31	30	9	20	25	3	5	5	42	6	7	8	39	71	20	14	17
56-65	10	2	6	39	32	13	19	24	1	5	3	38	5	5	8	47	75	25	15	18
66-75	11	2	7	52	40	8	30	25	0	4	9	62	8	4	8	61	83	35	17	19
76+	10	6	5	58	45	12	39	21		4	11	80	11	6	10	67	82	28	17	18
Male	7	2	5	40	34	11	21	25	2	5	5	46	8	8	10	46	77	26	16	18
Female	10	4	12	39	38	13	32	25	2	14	12	53	15	16	22	54	82	27	20	22
Third level education <ISCED 5-7>	3	1	3	7	11	4	5	7	0	3	6	6	7	10	11	29	39	3	7	8
Secondary level education <ISCED 3>	6	3	6	29	23	5	13	14	1	8	5	28	13	11	13	45	79	22	10	15
Less than secondary education <ISCED 0-2>	16	4	16	56	46	14	37	34	3	8	11	56	11	13	20	60	92	47	27	29
in work	4	1	4	36	29	8	13	23	2	6	5	44	7	8	10	44	70	23	14	16
unemployed	45	7	32	59	66	43	78	65	4	24	12	63	31	35	43	93	92	63	45	48
retired	10	4	7	48	38	10	27	22	1	2	7	59	9	5	10	64	86	28	16	19
other inactive	28	17	31	51	54	48	64	54	34	12	21	73	55	52	43	68	96	59	41	42

Source: own calculations from ECHP and ECV consolidated data base

Notes: National relative income poverty rate is the number of persons below 60% of the national adjusted median income, in percent of the total population. : EU18 income poverty rate is the number of persons below 60% of the European-wide median income, in percent of the total population. OECD-modified equivalence scale: 1 - 0.5 - 0.3; old equivalence scale: 1 - 0.7 - 0.5. EU15 and EU18 averages are population weighted

Table A.3 Deprivation scores in four dimensions: percentages of population, 1999

	B	DK	D	EL	E	F	IRL	I	L	NL	A	P	FIN	UK	CZ	H	SI	EU14	EU17
<b>1. Basic deprivation</b>																			
food	2	1	4	29	2	3	3	5	4	1	4	3	5	6	17	14	21	5	6
clothes	5	4	13	22	7	6	5	13	6	8	8	41	10	13	43	70	26	10	12
heating	2	1	1	31	44	5	4	19	3	2	1	64	5	7	n/a	26	n/a	12	12
housing costs	6	4	3	22	5	9	9	5	4	2	2	6	15	13	34	17	8	5	6
holiday	17	11	13	46	44	26	29	39	17	10	20	64	31	34	47	60	73	27	29
inviting friends	6	2	12	34	10	6	8	17	7	4	9	17	11	11	n/a	n/a	n/a	13	13
<b>2. Secondary Deprivation</b>																			
colour TV	2	1	2	2	0	3	1	1	1	2	2	3	4	2	4	11	5	2	2
microwave	27	46	44	83	43	32	20	77	64	22	34	71	13	19	49	57	91	42	43
pc	49	29	63	81	64		65	68	66	30	54	75	50	65	72	82	69	51	52
video recorder	19	15	31	44	22	19	12	25	25	16	25	35	22	10	46	47	50	23	24
telephone	3	1	3	2	8	2	7	6	1	0	3	18	1	4		21	9	4	4
car	11	19	16	27	18	10	19	11	10	22	13	26	19	20	33	55	13	16	17
dishwasher	54	40	49	70	72	49	59	68	34	59	38	76	37	71	92	97	71	59	61
<b>3. Accomodation, environment</b>																			
not enough space in flat	4	3	6	26	24	7	13	28	7	12	14	28	8	13	34	52	45	13	14
Has not: tapwater	2	0	3	79	1	1	2	1	2	0	1	12	1	0	n/a	7	1	4	4
Has not: indoor toilet	1	1	1	5	0	2	1	1	1	0	3	7	1	0	n/a	6	1	1	1
Has not: bathroom or shower	1	1	1	3	0	2	1	1	1	0	1	7	1	0	n/a	3	6	1	1
<b>4. Subjective Deprivation</b>																			
satisfaction with income situation																			
not satisfied	5	3	5	6	8	8	11	9	5	2	5	9	4	10	4	6	11	6	6
...	5	4	9	19	15	8	11	15	6	4	7	19	8	11	18	19	26	10	11
...	16	10	22	31	26	24	18	29	14	10	10	33	17	19			43	24	26
...	28	24	29	30	26	32	29	30	25	28	30	33	33	32	70	63	13	31	29
...	33	40	28	12	20	26	19	15	33	42	32	6	31	19	8	10	7	25	24
fully satisfied	13	19	7	2	4	2	12	2	16	13	16	0	8	8	1	1	1	5	4

Source: own calculations from ECHP and ECV consolidated data base

EU averages are population weighted. Figures for Germany, Luxembourg and UK refer to 1996

Table A.4 Deprivation in number of items by dimension, percentages of population, 1999

	B	DK	D	EL	E	F	IRL	I	L	NL	A	P	FIN	UK	CZ	H	SI	EU14	EU17
<b>1. Basic deprivation</b>																			
<b>0</b>	80	85	80	40	54	70	68	57	82	87	76	32	62	62	30	15	19	67	65
<b>1+</b>	20	15	20	60	46	30	32	43	18	13	24	68	38	38	70	85	81	33	35
<b>2+</b>	7	3	9	36	9	10	10	14	8	7	8	39	16	16	41	53	37	11	13
<b>3+</b>	2	1	3	18	3	3	4	4	4	1	3	7	6	8	22	17	9	3	4
<b>4</b>	0	0	0	5	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	2	9	7	1	1	1
<b>2. Secondary deprivation</b>																			
<b>0</b>	61	45	43	14	47	59	66	21	32	59	52	26	66	66	29	22	7	47	46
<b>1+</b>	39	55	57	86	53	41	34	79	68	41	48	74	34	34	71	78	93	53	54
<b>2+</b>	16	20	26	48	23	17	12	26	25	16	19	41	16	12	41	53	51	22	23
<b>3+</b>	5	5	9	20	8	5	5	9	6	5	6	18	6	4	17	31	13	7	8
<b>4</b>	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	2	1	1	3	8	2	1	1
<b>3. Accomodation, environment</b>																			
<b>0</b>	96	97	94	74	76	93	87	72	93	88	86	72	92	87	66	48	55	87	86
<b>1</b>	4	3	6	26	24	7	13	28	7	12	14	28	8	13	34	52	45	13	14
<b>4. Subjective Deprivation</b>																			
<b>0</b>	90	93	86	75	76	85	78	76	88	94	88	72	89	78	78	74	63	84	84
<b>1</b>	10	7	14	25	24	15	22	24	12	6	12	28	11	22	22	26	37	16	16

Source: own calculations from ECHP and ECV consolidated data base

EU averages are population weighted. Figures for Germany, Luxembourg and UK refer to 1996.



Table A.5 Multiple deprivation, percentages of population, 1999

	B	DK	D	EL	E	F	IRL	I	L	NL	A	P	FIN	UK	CZ	H	SI	EU14	EU17
not deprived in any dimension	72	72	59	29	47	65	60	42	60	69	61	32	64	57	27	13	17	58	56
Deprived in basic needs (at least)	7	3	9	36	9	10	10	14	8	7	8	39	16	16	41	53	37	11	13
Deprived in secondary needs (at least)	16	20	26	48	23	17	12	26	25	16	19	41	16	12	41	53	51	22	23
Deprived in accomodation standards (at least)	4	3	6	26	24	7	13	28	7	12	14	28	8	13	34	52	45	13	14
Deprived in subjective income satisfaction (at least)	10	7	14	25	24	15	22	24	12	6	12	28	11	22	22	26	37	16	16
Deprived in at least two dimensions	7	5	10	41	19	11	13	24	10	8	11	43	12	16	40	56	54	14	16

Source: own calculations from ECHP and ECV consolidated data base

EU averages are population weighted. Figures for Germany, Luxembourg and UK refer to 1996.

Table A.6 "Relative" country-specific deprivation scores, percentages of population, 1999

	B	DK	D	EL	E	F	IRL	I	L	NL	A	P	FIN	UK	CZ	H	SI	EU14	EU17
<50% of mean (very low deprivation)	49	39	32	34	38	41	43	35	54	49	36	32	41	38	25	25	23	39	38
50-75% of mean (low deprivation)	0	21	21	9	10	16	13	17	0	0	17	11	15	23	17	15	18	13	13
75-95% of mean (moderately low deprivation)	14	0	9	14	4	9	10	8	5	14	12	11	8	0	15	14	10	9	9
95-105% of mean (close to national average)	7	3	0	1	11	0	0	1	0	9	0	3	0	0	1	5	8	4	4
105-125% of mean (moderately high deprivation)	3	6	9	11	4	0	0	9	10	2	0	11	0	5	10	11	8	5	6
125-150% of mean (high deprivation)	0	0	8	3	7	6	8	6	8	0	8	5	12	9	7	11	12	5	5
>150% of mean (very high deprivation)	27	30	23	29	25	28	26	24	22	26	26	27	24	24	25	19	21	26	25

Source: own calculations from ECHP and ECV consolidated data base

EU averages are population weighted. Figures for Germany, Luxembourg and UK refer to 1996.

Table A.7 Overlap of "absolute" and "relative" deprivation (%)

<i>Absolute deprivation</i>		<i>Relative deprivation - weighted by intensity</i>						
		<50% of mean	50-75% of mean	75-95% of mean	95-105% of mean	105-125% of mean	125-150% of mean	>150% of mean
B	not deprived	53	0	15	7	3	0	21
	deprived	0	0	0	0	0	<b>0</b>	<b>100</b>
DK	not deprived	41	22	0	4	6	0	27
	deprived	0	0	0	0	0	<b>0</b>	<b>100</b>
D	not deprived	35	23	10	0	10	9	14
	deprived	0	0	0	0	0	<b>0</b>	<b>100</b>
EL	not deprived	58	15	19	1	6	1	0
	deprived	0	0	6	0	19	<b>5</b>	<b>70</b>
E	not deprived	47	13	5	14	4	9	8
	deprived	0	0	0	0	3	<b>0</b>	<b>97</b>
F	not deprived	46	18	10	0	0	7	19
	deprived	0	0	0	0	0	<b>0</b>	<b>100</b>
IRL	not deprived	46	22	11	1	12	5	4
	deprived	0	0	0	0	1	<b>11</b>	<b>88</b>
I	not deprived	42	32	5	1	13	4	3
	deprived	0	0	0	0	9	<b>2</b>	<b>89</b>
L	not deprived	60	0	5	1	12	9	13
	deprived	0	0	0	0	0	<b>0</b>	<b>100</b>
NL	not deprived	53	0	16	10	2	0	19
	deprived	0	0	0	0	0	<b>0</b>	<b>100</b>
A	not deprived	40	20	14	0	0	9	17
	deprived	0	0	0	0	0	<b>0</b>	<b>100</b>
P	not deprived	56	18	19	3	1	2	0
	deprived	0	0	0	4	23	<b>10</b>	<b>63</b>
FIN	not deprived	46	17	9	0	0	14	14
	deprived	0	0	0	0	0	<b>0</b>	<b>100</b>
UK	not deprived	46	27	0	0	6	10	11
	deprived	0	0	0	0	0	<b>5</b>	<b>95</b>
CZ	not deprived	42	28	19	2	5	2	2
	deprived	0	0	8	1	16	<b>13</b>	<b>61</b>
H	not deprived	56	29	10	1	1	3	0
	deprived	0	4	16	8	18	<b>18</b>	<b>35</b>
SI	not deprived	51	37	6	1	4	1	1
	deprived	0	3	13	13	11	<b>21</b>	<b>39</b>
EU17	not deprived	45	15	11	4	6	5	14
	deprived	0	0	2	1	6	<b>6</b>	<b>84</b>

Source: own calculations from ECHP and ECV consolidated data base

EU averages are population weighted. Figures for Germany, Luxembourg and UK refer to 1996.

Table A.8 Consistent poverty rates for EU17 and accession countries, using "EU" and "country-specific monetary and non-monetary thresholds, percentages of population, 1999

	B	DK	D	EL	E	F	IRL	I	L	NL	A	P	FIN	UK	CZ	H	SI	EU14	EU17
<b>A. Country-specific income thresholds</b>																			
<b>A.1 EU-wide deprivation standard ("conventional" measure)</b>																			
national income poverty rate	13	11	12	21	19	15	19	18	11	11	12	21	11	17	14	12	14	16	16
below national income poverty threshold and:																			1
Deprived in basic needs	2	1	3	13	5	4	5	6	2	3	2	14	4	7	10	9	11	5	5
Deprived in secondary needs	5	5	6	16	7	5	5	8	5	3	6	15	5	5	8	9	10	6	6
Deprived in housing standards	2	1	2	6	6	3	3	9	2	2	7	1	4	6	7	7	7	4	4
Subjective income deprivation	3	2	4	11	9	6	9	10	5	2	4	11	3	7	6	7	10	6	6
Deprived in at least two dimensions	4	1	4	15	8	5	7	10	4	3	3	16	4	7	10	9	12	6	6
<b>A.2 country-specific deprivation standards ("relativist" measure)</b>																			
national income poverty rate	13	11	12	21	19	15	19	18	11	11	12	21	11	17	14	12	14	16	16
below national income poverty threshold and:																			
Relative deprivation - score above																			
150% of mean	8	8	7	13	10	10	11	10	7	6	7	12	7	10	6	7	9	9	9
Relative deprivation - score above																			
125% of mean	8	8	8	13	12	11	14	11	8	6	8	14	8	13	8	9	11	10	10
<b>B. EU18 income thresholds</b>																			
<b>B.1 EU-wide deprivation standard ("absolutist" measure)</b>																			
EU18 income poverty rate	9	3	7	40	34	11	23	25	2	7	7	46	13	16	50	77	26	17	19
below EU18 income poverty threshold and:																			1
Deprived in basic needs	2	0	2	23	7	4	6	8	0	2	1	27	4	7	29	47	17	5	7
Deprived in secondary needs	4	2	3	27	12	4	7	10	1	2	3	29	6	4	27	47	18	7	8
Deprived in housing standards	1	0	1	12	10	2	4	11	0	1	1	17	1	4	19	42	14	5	6
Subjective income deprivation	2	1	3	18	15	5	11	12	0	2	2	20	4	6	17	24	17	7	7
Deprived in at least two dimensions	3	1	3	26	13	4	8	13	1	2	2	31	5	6	29	51	22	7	9
<b>B.2 country-specific deprivation standards ("innovative" measure)</b>																			
EU18 income poverty rate	9	3	7	40	34	11	23	25	2	7	7	46	13	16	50	77	26	17	19
below EU18 income poverty threshold and:																			1
Relative deprivation - score above																			
150% of mean	5	2	4	21	17	8	14	13	1	5	4	22	8	9	19	20	14	9	10
Relative deprivation - score above																			
125% of mean	5	2	5	22	20	8	17	14	1	5	5	25	10	11	29	24	18	10	11

Source: own calculations from ECHP and ECV consolidated data base

Income data adjusted by OECD-modified equivalence scale: 1 - 0.5 - 0.3. EU averages are population weighted

Table A.9 Consistent poverty rates by characteristics of head of household, four alternative measures, 1999

	B	DK	D	EL	E	F	IRL	I	L	NL	A	P	FIN	UK	CZ	H	SI	EU14	EU17
<b>A.1 country-specific income thresholds, European-wide deprivation thresholds ("extended conventional" measure)</b>																			
<b>total consistent poverty</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>6</b>
26	5	9	14	21	12	9	8	22	4	11	2	21	20	7	13	9	11	12	12
26-35	2	1	5	10	5	4	9	9	5	3	2	10	3	8	11	9	11	5	5
36-45	3	1	4	11	7	5	8	8	5	3	3	14	3	11	10	11	12	5	5
46-55	3	0	3	12	8	5	4	10	3	1	3	9	3	3	8	10	9	5	6
56-65	6	1	4	17	8	6	4	10	8	4	2	17	3	3	8	9	12	7	7
66-75	5	2	5	28	11	4	8	13	3	0	8	29	5	4	16	5	23	7	8
76+	5	2	0	35	12	7	5	16	2	2	13	55	5	6	3	8	22	10	10
Male	2	1	3	14	7	4	6	9	4	2	2	14	3	6	9	9	11	5	5
Female	6	2	9	21	11	8	9	14	6	7	8	22	6	9	12	13	14	9	9
Third level education <ISCED 5-7>	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	2	1	0	2	0	2	2	3	1	1	1	1
Secondary level education <ISCED 3>	4	1	5	6	3	1	2	4	2	4	2	5	5	6	7	6	8	4	4
Less than secondary education <ISCED 0-2>	6	3	7	25	12	7	12	15	7	3	9	20	5	10	14	20	27	10	10
in work	0	0	2	11	4	3	2	8	4	1	2	12	2	2	7	4	8	4	4
unemployed	32	2	33	40	29	31	40	48	22	17	17	27	21	47	43	35	43	29	30
retired	5	3	5	25	11	5	6	9	5	0	6	31	5	4	15	12	16	7	8
other inactive	13	10	21	30	19	25	20	39	16	7	18	36	21	20	17	30	43	18	19
<b>A.2 country-specific income thresholds and deprivation thresholds ("relativist" measure)</b>																			
<b>total consistent poverty</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>10</b>
26	9	32	25	17	14	31	15	25	12	32	6	12	38	11	10	9	11	23	22
26-35	5	4	9	8	8	8	13	10	7	6	5	8	5	14	11	7	10	9	9
36-45	5	1	5	9	10	8	12	8	9	6	6	11	6	20	9	8	10	7	7
46-55	5	6	4	9	10	9	9	10	6	4	5	6	4	5	7	8	7	7	7
56-65	11	3	7	14	14	12	11	11	12	6	6	14	5	6	7	7	10	10	9
66-75	16	13	13	26	17	12	24	16	7	2	20	30	16	12	13	6	20	14	14
76+	22	36	0	35	22	22	41	18	16	8	34	54	22	18	3	7	22	22	22
Male	6	4	5	11	11	9	12	10	8	4	5	11	5	10	8	7	10	8	8
Female	12	14	18	20	16	15	21	16	12	14	18	20	14	19	11	13	12	16	16
Third level education <ISCED 5-7>	2	2	2	1	1	3	1	3	2	1	4	0	3	2	3	0	1	4	3
Secondary level education <ISCED 3>	8	7	8	4	5	4	5	4	5	9	5	3	9	14	6	4	7	6	6
Less than secondary education <ISCED 0-2>	15	18	14	22	18	14	25	17	13	7	20	17	13	17	14	18	24	15	15
in work	2	3	4	8	6	6	5	8	6	4	4	9	3	6	6	2	7	6	6
unemployed	44	14	38	36	37	41	66	49	29	24	21	22	32	53	43	28	40	38	37
retired	15	21	12	24	19	15	20	11	12	1	15	32	15	14	14	10	15	14	14
other inactive	30	34	38	27	28	47	45	42	28	14	41	34	38	32	16	27	36	32	32

Table A.9 (contd.) Consistent poverty rates by characteristics of head of household, four alternative measures

	B	DK	D	EL	E	F	IRL	I	L	NL	A	P	FIN	UK	CZ	H	SI	EU14	EU17
<b>B.1 European-wide income thresholds and deprivation thresholds ("absolutist" measure)</b>																			
<b>total consistent poverty</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>51</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>9</b>
26	4	7	13	41	20	8	8	26	0	9	2	48	20	6	37	56	18	15	17
26-35	1	1	3	19	9	3	11	11	0	3	1	20	3	7	35	52	19	5	7
36-45	2	1	3	20	13	4	8	10	1	2	1	30	4	10	27	51	23	6	8
46-55	3	0	2	20	10	5	5	11	1	1	2	22	3	3	21	47	17	6	8
56-65	4	0	2	28	13	6	5	13	2	2	1	28	4	3	30	52	22	7	9
66-75	5	0	3	42	20	3	10	17	0	0	5	49	5	4	42	53	34	9	10
76+	2	0	0	52	25	5	6	23	0	1	5	69	6	5	47	49	37	14	14
Male	2	0	2	24	12	3	7	12	1	1	1	30	3	5	26	50	21	6	8
Female	5	2	6	33	18	7	11	16	1	5	4	35	7	8	36	55	24	9	11
Third level education <ISCED 5-7>	1	1	1	2	2	1	1	3	0	0	2	1	2	2	13	12	2	1	2
Secondary level education <ISCED 3>	2	0	3	14	4	1	2	5	1	2	1	8	6	5	23	47	16	3	6
Less than secondary education <ISCED 0-2>	5	1	4	40	20	6	14	19	1	2	5	38	6	9	40	73	44	12	14
in work	0	0	1	20	8	2	3	9	0	1	1	26	2	2	24	41	17	5	6
unemployed	21	1	23	52	37	28	42	54	0	13	13	51	24	46	75	75	56	28	31
retired	4	1	3	38	19	4	8	14	1	0	3	48	6	4	45	60	28	8	11
other inactive	12	7	18	50	29	22	24	40	3	4	8	59	25	16	43	77	52	19	20
<b>B.2 European-wide income thresholds and country-specific deprivation thresholds ("innovative" measure)</b>																			
<b>total consistent poverty</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>11</b>
26	6	20	18	36	26	28	15	29	3	27	6	33	39	9	30	34	14	24	24
26-35	4	1	6	14	12	6	17	12	1	5	3	16	6	13	30	33	14	9	10
36-45	4	1	4	15	18	6	13	10	1	4	2	23	7	19	23	26	17	8	9
46-55	4	0	3	15	14	8	11	11	1	3	4	17	5	5	18	26	13	7	8
56-65	6	1	4	24	20	10	13	14	3	3	3	23	7	5	26	29	20	10	11
66-75	12	2	7	40	33	9	28	21	1	2	11	49	18	10	36	36	30	14	15
76+	14	8	0	50	45	17	52	27	0	4	16	68	26	16	30	44	36	24	24
Male	4	1	3	19	18	7	14	13	1	3	3	23	6	9	21	28	17	9	9
Female	9	5	11	30	27	12	25	19	2	10	9	31	15	17	32	39	19	15	16
Third level education <ISCED 5-7>	1	1	2	2	3	3	1	3	0	1	3	0	4	2	10	5	2	3	3
Secondary level education <ISCED 3>	4	2	5	10	8	3	6	5	1	4	3	6	10	13	18	22	12	5	7
Less than secondary education <ISCED 0-2>	11	4	8	34	29	11	30	21	1	5	11	31	16	16	35	54	37	17	18
in work	1	1	2	15	12	4	6	10	1	3	2	19	4	6	19	19	12	6	7
unemployed	32	7	27	48	48	36	70	54	0	18	15	42	36	51	68	56	47	36	37
retired	11	5	6	35	32	12	27	16	2	1	8	47	18	12	40	39	25	14	15
other inactive	20	18	31	47	44	42	51	45	9	10	21	59	42	28	41	66	43	32	33

Source: own calculations from ECHP and ECV consolidated data base

Notes: Consistent poverty: falling below monetary *and* non-monetary threshold. National relative income poverty threshold: 60% of the national adjusted median income. EU18 income poverty threshold: 60% of the European-wide median income. National deprivation threshold: above 125% of country-specific mean deprivation. EU-wide deprivation threshold: being deprived in 2 out of 4 domains (2 out of 4 items per domain). Income data adjusted by OECD-modified equivalence scale: 1 - 0.5 - 0.3. EU averages are population weighted

**Table A.10 Results from logistic regression analysis**

<b>Denmark</b>	Relative income poverty	Non-monetary deprivation	Consistent poverty A.1 ('ext.conv')	Consistent poverty B.2 ('weak abs')	Not poor
<i>Sex (ref. male)</i>					
Female	0.81	-	-	-	
<i>Age of head (ref. 46-55)</i>					
Below 26	3.86	1.04		-	
26-35	2.64			-	
36-45	1.15	(-0.57)		-	
56-65	(0.79)	-1.69	-3.37	-	1.15
Over 65	2.11	-2.81	-4.25	-	1.13
<i>Education (ref. high)</i>					
Secondary			-	-	
Less than secondary	0.58	0.74	-	-	
<i>Labour market status (ref. in work)</i>					
Unemployed	1.69	1.63	2.71	(1.39)	-1.91
Retired	1.58	1.86	3.07		-1.54
Other inactive	1.84	1.63	2.12	1.77	-1.66
<i>Number of children (ref.0)</i>					
1	(-0.48)	0.91			-1.68
2	-1.84	1.65	3.27	3.68	-2.16
3 and more	-2.69				-1.15
<i>Income (ref. 100-125 % of median)</i>					
<30% of median	-	1.48	8.50	8.75	(-12.6)
30-44% of median	-	1.70	5.43	4.22	-3.19
45-59% of median	-	(0.58)	4.79	3.63	-1.29
60-99% of median	-				(0.50)
125-174% of median	-	-1.04			1.60
175-249% of median	-				(1.32)
>250% of median	-				
<i>Constant</i>	-2.99	-2.73			

  

<b>Greece</b>	Relative income poverty	Non-monetary deprivation	Consistent poverty A.1 ('ext.conv')	Consistent poverty B.2 ('weak abs')	Not poor
<i>Sex (ref. male)</i>					
Female	0.19	-	-0.34	-	-
<i>Age of head (ref. 46-55)</i>					
Below 26	0.78	0.51		(0.39)	-0.41
26-35		0.39			
36-45		0.38			-0.31
56-65		-0.23	-0.44		0.41
Over 65	0.52		-0.62		0.63
<i>Education (ref. high)</i>					
Secondary	1.15	0.49	1.27	0.85	-0.55
Less than secondary	2.59	1.31	2.96	1.94	-1.40
<i>Labour market status (ref. in work)</i>					
Unemployed	0.82	1.40	1.53	1.34	-1.41
Retired	0.45		-0.35	0.39	
Other inactive	0.97		-0.52	(0.30)	
<i>Number of children (ref.0)</i>					
1		-0.52	0.42		0.49
2	0.96	-0.57	0.85	0.34	
3 and more	0.76	0.50	1.02	1.88	-0.72
<i>Income (ref. 100-125 % of median)</i>					
<30% of median	-	1.80	5.02	3.15	-5.40
30-44% of median	-	1.63	3.54	2.43	-3.05
45-59% of median	-	1.09	2.08	1.89	-1.76
60-99% of median	-	0.50	0.67	0.71	-0.52
125-174% of median	-	-0.49		-1.37	0.76
175-249% of median	-	-0.78			1.05
>250% of median	-	-2.19			2.45
<i>Constant</i>		-0.34	-5.09	-2.90	-0.52

**Table A.10 Results from logistic regression analysis (contd.)**

<b>Czech Republic</b>	Relative income poverty	Non-monetary deprivation	Consistent poverty A.1 ('ext.conv')	Consistent poverty B.2 ('weak abs')	Not poor
<i>Sex</i> (ref. male)					
Female	0.32	0.28	-0.23	0.31	-0.25
<i>Age of head</i> (ref. 46-55)					
Below 26	0.32	0.25	(-0.36)		
26-35			-0.51		0.23
36-45		-0.15			
56-65	-0.50		-0.55	-0.23	0.29
Over 65			(-0.36)	-0.44	0.47
<i>Education</i> (ref. high)					
Secondary	0.26	0.32	0.60	0.27	-0.17
Less than secondary	0.86	0.86	1.03	0.99	-0.76
<i>Labour market status</i> (ref. in work)					
Unemployed	1.92	1.03	1.06	1.11	-1.36
Retired	0.90	0.29		0.51	-0.27
Other inactive	0.67				
<i>Number of children</i> (ref.0)					
1	0.60	0.36	0.79	0.43	-0.54
2	0.34		0.94	0.45	-0.20
3 and more	1.40	1.48	2.60	1.87	-1.53
<i>Income</i> (ref. 100-125 % of median)					
<30% of median	-	0.95	4.38	1.96	-7.61
30-44% of median	-	0.95	3.33	2.04	-2.19
45-59% of median	-	0.92	2.90	1.81	-1.75
60-99% of median	-	0.53	0.83	1.07	-0.69
125-174% of median	-	-0.39		-2.35	0.49
175-249% of median	-	-0.88		-7.24	1.00
>250% of median	-	-1.35			1.47
<i>Constant</i>	-0.94		(-4.34)	-2.28	-1.28

  

<b>Hungary</b>	Relative income poverty	Non-monetary deprivation	Consistent poverty A.1 ('ext.conv')	Consistent poverty B.2 ('weak abs')	Not poor
<i>Sex</i> (ref. male)					
Female	0.65	-0.34	-1.35	(-0.28)	0.43
<i>Age of head</i> (ref. 46-55)					
Below 26			(-0.95)		(0.44)
26-35		-0.52	-1.32		0.51
36-45		-0.47		(-0.28)	0.53
56-65	-1.17	-0.60	-1.63	-0.79	0.72
Over 65	-1.80	-1.16	-3.00	-1.00	1.24
<i>Education</i> (ref. high)					
Secondary	1.29	1.40	(1.07)	1.11	-1.41
Less than secondary	2.27	2.44	2.46	2.32	-2.42
<i>Labour market status</i> (ref. in work)					
Unemployed	2.43	1.16	2.04	1.11	-1.52
Retired	1.46	0.67	1.27	0.70	-0.63
Other inactive	2.33	0.69	1.32	1.02	-1.26
<i>Number of children</i> (ref.0)					
1	(0.32)	0.70	1.34	0.52	-0.72
2	0.54	0.81	0.93		-0.91
3 and more	0.55	0.64	1.04	0.75	-1.05
<i>Income</i> (ref. 100-125 % of median)					
<30% of median	-		5.43	1.53	(-6.74)
30-44% of median	-	0.79	3.30	1.60	-1.36
45-59% of median	-		2.82	0.88	-0.98
60-99% of median	-	0.29		0.81	-0.38
125-174% of median	-	-0.30		-0.43	0.39
175-249% of median	-	-0.75		-1.38	0.86
>250% of median	-	-1.72			1.80
<i>Constant</i>	-1.51	0.31		-1.52	-1.57

**Table A.10 Results from logistic regression analysis (contd.)**

<b>Slovenia</b>	Relative income poverty	Non- monetary deprivation	Consistent poverty A.1 (‘ext.conv’)	Consistent poverty B.2 (‘weak abs’)	Not poor
<i>Sex</i> (ref. male)					
Female		-0.32	-0.33	-0.33	0.36
<i>Age of head</i> (ref. 46-55)					
Below 26			-0.72	-0.89	
26-35	0.52	-0.20	-0.77	-0.95	0.26
36-45	0.53				
56-65			-0.42		
Over 65	0.66		-0.50		
<i>Education</i> (ref. high)					
Secondary	1.66	0.88	(0.56)	1.41	-0.91
Less than secondary	2.90	1.76	1.49	2.36	-1.79
<i>Labour market status</i> (ref. in work)					
Unemployed	1.93	0.67	1.23	0.84	-0.75
Retired	0.32		-0.37	(-0.23)	
Other inactive	1.78	0.24	1.28	0.59	
<i>Number of children</i> (ref.0)					
1		0.45	0.99	0.65	-0.50
2	(0.18)		1.27	0.91	-0.22
3 and more	0.49	0.76	2.33	2.19	-0.96
<i>Income</i> (ref. 100-125 % of median)					
<30% of median	-	1.72	5.75	4.39	-3.89
30-44% of median	-	1.29	4.56	3.08	-2.13
45-59% of median	-	1.20	3.47	2.52	-1.60
60-99% of median	-	0.40	1.13	0.89	-0.46
125-174% of median	-	-0.27		-3.27	0.28
175-249% of median	-	-0.78		(-6.40)	0.79
>250% of median	-	-1.24			1.25
<i>Constant</i>		0.56		-2.74	-1.04

Source : Calculations from ECV consolidated data base.

Note: Coefficients reported are significant at 0.01 level, or at 0.05 level if in parentheses.

Coefficients above 0.05 level are not reported. Cells “-“ signify that a variable has been excluded from the model.